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Media Contact: Melissa A. Hicks, 484.888.6766

Salaries Skyrocket for Hot Industry Jobs
Digital competition spurs compensation increases

NAPERVILLE, ILL., January 29, 2019 — The ongoing push to customize the viewers’ experience and the aggressive spend for content development by digital players is dramatically driving compensation for business development, programming and installation jobs in the cable and media industry. Today Content & Connectivity Human Resources (C2HR), the association formerly known as CTHRA, released the results of its latest Annual Compensation Surveys, which also revealed that programmer compensation grew robustly for executives and operating support personnel, while management gained larger salary increases at multiple system operators (MSOs).

There were 59 participants in the 2018 surveys, including 14 MSO, satellite, telecommunications and home security companies and 45 cable programmers, broadcast networks and digital content creators. New participants included: ADT, BBC Studios America Inc., Fanduel Group (TVG Network), Game Show Network LLC and Google LLC (Google Fiber).

“C2HR’s Annual Compensation Surveys uncover market pressures and valuable metrics that our members use to ensure competitive compensation strategies,” said Pamela Williams, CAE, C2HR’s executive director.

“These are the most comprehensive surveys of our industry available. Without them, we would be somewhat hamstrung for data unique to our industry or to correlate with data outside our industry,” said Robert Scott, director of compensation for Cox Communications.

The 2018 surveys uncovered the fiercely competitive market for specific “hot” jobs, propelled by continued pressure from digital media. In 2017, Netflix was the fifth highest investor in content
development, spending $6.3 billion on non-sports programming with Amazon (No. 7) following at $4.5 billion.¹

“That’s a huge amount of spend invading,” said Hali Croner, president and chief executive officer (CEO) of The Croner Company, the research and compensation consulting firm that conducted the surveys for C2HR. “In the programming space, salaries are going up to compete with technology and digital companies that are premium payers.”

**Business Development Salaries Skyrocket**

For content developers, the largest base salary increases occurred for positions in business development and programming (see Figure 1). For example, base salary for executive vice president (EVP) of business development (BD) soared by 10% over 2017, while BD managers, directors and individual contributors (ICs) saw gains of 9%, 7% and 7% respectively. These individuals are responsible for securing new content partnerships, co-branding agreements and user acquisitions (i.e., “more eyeballs watching your content”).

Base salaries for numerous programming jobs also increased dramatically, climbing by 8% for director of current programming and director of program scheduling while skyrocketing by 12% for senior director of program acquisitions.

“If Netflix and Amazon are making a huge spend in programming and they are picking off your top people, then programming talent becomes scarce. Those jobs become hot,” said Croner. Such scarcity spurs compensation.

**Installers and Technicians Garner Gains**

MSOs also responded to competitive pressures, such as Charter’s and Amazon’s move to increase their minimum wage to $15 an hour and a national unemployment rate that’s hovering at 3.7%, a near 50-year low. Among MSOs, installation jobs achieved the largest raises. Base salaries climbed by 4% for installation/service technician Level 3 to 9% for supervisor of installation/service (see Figure 1).

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¹ MoffettNathanson, Recode February 2018
“There is greater emphasis on the technician as the last face and influencer the customer encounters before, during and after believing in and purchasing our products,” said Cox’s Scott.

“The skills, abilities and talent of those in technology, sales, customer service, network readiness, network operations and a host of other functions are key to delivering content anywhere, anytime whenever the customer expresses the want, need or desire,” he added.

**Merit Budget Remains Stable**

Increases for hot jobs occurred against the backdrop of a 3% salary merit budget for the industry, slightly higher than the 2.9% national average. Programmers reported total compensation exceeding the budget in all employment categories. Programming executives garnered the greatest gains, achieving a 5.5% increase in total direct compensation (TDC), which includes all three elements of compensation — base salary, bonus and stock incentives (see **Figure 2**). Operating support personnel, such as technical directors and camera operators, accrued 5.0% TDC, while operating ICs earned 3.4% TDC.

At MSOs, management, which includes supervisor through EVP, achieved the greatest gains: 5.1% base salary increase and 4.6% TDC. MSO salaried employees fell below the merit budget at 1.8% base salary increase and 2.1% TDC raise (see **Figure 3**).

These increases indicate a responsivity to market conditions. “Companies are paying attention to people who are long-term contributors and taking care of them,” explained Croner.

Geography continues to impact salaries for MSO installers and service technicians. Base salaries were higher in the West by 8% (lead) to 16% (expert) and East by 3% (developing) to 12% (expert), while MSOs in the Southwest, Mountain, Midwest and South reported lower salaries for installers and techs.
New Job Families in Sales, Technology and Business Intelligence

To ensure continued relevancy of C2HR’s Compensation Surveys, each year participants meet to hone job families and position titles for data collection. The 2018 surveys collected data on 337 MSO positions and 532 programmer positions, an increase over last year. The programmer survey also continued to collect international salary data.

MSO participants added two new job families and 19 new positions to the 2018 survey. Many of these support today’s reality of content anywhere, anytime; new technology-dependent service launches; and entry into new sales channels.

New MSO job families include: wireless engineering and store retail sales. New positions include: associate wireless engineer to VP of wireless engineering, manager of home security installation/service, program acquisition analyst/coordinator, manager of store retail sales, supervisor of master control and manager/director of workforce and traffic management.

Programmers and broadcasters added six new job families and 47 new positions. These jobs reflect the critical need for data to support over-the-top (OTT) content delivery, marketing to OTT viewers and creative advertising sales strategies. Job families included: styling, digital production technology, effects artists, business intelligence engineering, advertising solutions, and extract transform and load developing (data management). New positions include: manager to VP of business intelligence, associate marketing strategy IC to SVP of marketing strategy, senior photographer to VP of photography, stylist/senior stylist, manager/director of media operations, VP library and digital assets, effects artist and manager/director of motion graphics design.

Digital Still Outpays Programmers

Despite robust compensation increases at programmers surveyed, digital natives continue to pay more than traditional media companies in all key job families except for editorial (see Figure 4).

“Even though programmers are making really strong shifts, they can’t match what strong digital payers will pay,” said Croner.
According to the Croner Company’s 2018 Digital Content and Technology Survey, TDC at digital and technology companies ranges from 45% more for software engineering, to 80% more for content talent, to an astounding 158% more for data science jobs.

“Digital companies live off data science. They will find and keep those people with big packages,” Croner added.

### Bonuses Prevalent Across Industry

The industry continued its broad-based support for short-term incentives or bonuses. In 2018, 93% of MSOs offered bonuses, as did 89% of programmers. Eligibility reached deep into the organizations, as 77% of MSOs and 63% of programmers offered bonuses to employees below managers (See **Figure 5**).

Once again, long-term incentives (LTIs) such as shares, stock options and long-term cash remained largely limited to management (See **Figure 6**). At MSOs, 93% of participants offered LTIs, with 100% of directors, VPs and executives receiving incentives.).

Among programmers, 76% of participants offered LTIs in 2018, although penetration was less consistent than at MSOs, as 100% of executives received LTIs, compared to 83% of VPs and 47% of directors. This year, 8% of MSOs and 10% of programmers extended LTI eligibility to employees below managers. Cable employers continued to primarily offer full-value shares rather than options or cash.

### Health and Fitness Amenities Grow

Four years ago, C2HR, recognizing the expanded notion of compensation at digital companies, began collecting data on amenities. In 2018, the industry offered more perks to compete with digital. For the first time, 14% of MSOs reported offering free food as did 16% of programmers, compared with 56% of digital natives (see **Figure 7**).
Enhanced work environments continued to be popular with survey respondents, as 86% of MSOs and 76% of programmers supported them. Gym memberships also increased to 50% for MSOs and 29% at programmers (see Figure 7).

“Health and fitness are tops on the list of what employees are seeking after a stimulating and challenging work environment,” said Cox’s Scott. “While free or highly discounted food was a staple of the earlier technology companies, emphasis on how to remain fit, such as onsite workout facilities, appear to be of greater importance today.”

Telecommuting remains a complex issue for the industry, and mostly offered on a case-by-case basis. Although 100% of digital natives provide a formal telecommuting policy that applies to most or all employees, only 25% of MSOs and 13% of programmers had such policies.

Stiff Competition Ahead
The pressure to deliver new content anywhere, anytime will not soon cease. “The playing field is increasingly competitive, and that will continue — aggressively,” said greenlightjob’s Kaye. The industry must, therefore, think creatively about compensation packages.

“Be prepared, flexible and nimble. Read all you can about new businesses, opportunities, or threats in your local labor markets,” Scott cautioned. “Being forewarned is being forearmed.”

Kaye advised: “Offering accelerated learning and growth opportunities, flexible working arrangements, greater equity stake and interests and allowing employees to ‘design’ their own compensation structures will give rise to greater attraction and retention of star employees.”

Methodology
C2HR’s 2018 Compensation Surveys included 59 participants including 14 MSOs and 45 programmers. The survey results are industry-specific, providing an in-depth analysis of pay practices for roughly 205,770 incumbents, including both exempt and nonexempt positions ranging from technicians to top executives. The participants submitted data reflecting 2018 budgets, base compensation figures, amenities and benefits.
ABOUT C2HR
Content & Connectivity Human Resources (C2HR) is a professional association serving 4,300 members from nearly 50 companies spanning the telecommunications, technology, media and entertainment sectors. C2HR provides industry-specific analytics, information and resources, as well as networking and educational opportunities. Its groundbreaking initiatives include its Annual Compensation Surveys and HR Symposium. For more information, visit www.C2HR.org.

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